'Tis wondrous, 'tis amazing grace That keeps us out of hell." Mr. Chandler succeeded in criticising the emocrats, especially Mr. Harris, who, at the conclusion of the remarks of the Nev Hampshire Senator, moved, with some temper, to lay the pending amendment—that of Mr. Perkins to make the duty on boracic acid 5 cents per pound—on the

THE HOUSE.

There was a small attendance of members present when the House met today On motion of Mr. Springer (Ill.), House bill for the relief of Wm. Gray was passed. Mr. Curtis (Kan.) called up the House bill for the relief of Zimri Elliott of Kansas, and it was passed, with an amendment re-

ducing the amount from \$1,000 to \$130. At 12:27 the House went into committee of the whole to consider general appropriation bills (Mr. Richardson of Tennessee in the chair), and the naval appropriation bill

was taken up. Mr. Boutelle (Me.) addressed the committee, and advocated liberality toward the navy to continue the good work commenced

under Secretary Chandler. Mr. Baker (Kan.), who followed Mr. Routelle, spoke briefly on the bill from the populist point of view, but his speech was soon diverted into a tariff speech with a populist flavor, and gave rise to frequent interruptions.

RECIPROCITY WITH CANADA. Interest in the Gallinger Amendment to the Tariff Bill.

The proceedings in the Senate yesterday upon Senator Gallinger's amendment to the tariff bill, providing for a retaliatory clause against Canada, indicate that that question is liable to receive considerable attention before the bill shall be disposed of. Mr. Gallinger's speech was brief, but Senators Lodge and Hale both indicated a desire to discuss the question, and the amendment was withdrawn for the time in order to en- any night. able them to make preparations before pre senting their views. It is understood that other Senators will also make speeches upon the amendment when it again comes before

The proposed amendment provides that the tariff act shall only become operative so far as it shall concern Canada, upon so far as it shall concern Canada, upon proclamation by the President of the United States. This proclamation is to be issued under the conditions which are prescribed. When it is duly certified to the President that the government of Canada has declared a desire to enter into such commercial arrangements with the United States as will result in a material reduction of the duties now existing content the duties are the duties now existing against the admis sion into Canada of the products and manu-factures of the United States the President is required to appoint three commissioners to meet those who may be designated to represent the Canadian government to con-sider the most desirable manner in which to accomplish a larger exchange of the products and manufactures of the two

Mutual Advantages.

If the result of the deliberations of the joint commission shall be an agreement and a report, satisfactory to the Secretary of the Treasury, that by a material reduction of the duties, or by putting upon the free list of the Canadian tariff a list of manufactures and products of the United States which, in his opinion, will afford an equal advantage to the United States as the op-eration of this bill will afford to Canada, and the Secretary of the Treasury shall so report to the President, the President, on being notified by the Canadian government that these recommendations will be presented to the parliament of Canada for ment, shall then issue his proclamation making this act operative, as regards Canada, immediately upon the enactment into law by the Canadian parliament of the recommendations of the joint commission. It is also made the further duty of the com-

To Assemble in March and January Instead of December. The much-discussed bill of Representative

Crain, Texas, to change the date for the republicans of the committee joining in a unanimous report. The bill provides that day after Mach 4, instead of waiting until abandon her claims in Samoa and recall her the following December. The second session is to begin on the first Monday in January, instead of December, as at pres-

The report is written by Mr. Crain. It states that the House chosen in November does not meet for thirteen months after its election, although members draw their salaries from March 4. The House is without a Speaker and without organization for nine months.

The efficiency of Representatives during

the short term is sometimes impaired be-cause they have failed of re-election. The people, in many instances, are not represented by the men whom they have chosen to represent them, but defeated candidates hold over. The report calls attention to the fact that at the present day many Representatives in the House have been renominated or defeated as candidates to represent their districts in the Fifty-fourth ngress, which meets in 1895. Yet the defeated members will continue to represent their districts until March, 1805. The report says that had the proposed law been in effect in March, 1893, so that Congress would have assembled the financial crisis of last year might have been arrested.

CONTRACTOR DANT INDICTED.

The Grand Jury Also Bring in an In-

dictment Against the Bookmakers. Among the indictments returned by the grand jury this afternoon was one against Contractor George W. Dant, charging him with manslaughter in connection with the Ford's Theater disaster of the 9th of June last. The indictment against Mr. Dant is similar to the one returned a few days ago against Col. Fred. C. Ainsworth, holding him responsible for the death of Frederick B. Loftus, one of the victims of the disaster, in having failed to take the neces-

the wrecked building.

In the case of the Ivy City bookmakers two indictments were returned against th∈m. The men charged are Newton Ben-nington, Otto Townsend, Edward C. Smith and Bert C. Claypoole. Bennington is the nan who was formerly indicted under the name of Marvin. The first indictment charges the men with violating the gaming law, and the second charges them with setting up gambling.

sary precautions to insure the safety of

To Be Court-Martialed.

Passed Assistant Engineer Henry T. Cleaver, attached to the new cruiser Raleigh at Norfolk, committed a serious breach of military discipline recently, in absenting himself from station and duty without first having obtained permission to do so from his superior officer. As he could give no satisfactory explanation of his conduct the Navy Department has ordered his trial by court martial. The

Treasury Department Accounts.

Senator Proctor, from the committee on the organization of the executive departments, has presented the favorable report

Fears of Trouble Among Miners in Two States.

PENNSYLVANIA COKE MINERS FIRM

Gathering of Armed Men in Alabama Forbidden.

GOVERNOR'S PROCLAMATION which has recently been made.

SCOTTSDALE, Pa., May 11.-Eight thousand strikers attended a meeting in Ellsworth Park today, and resolved to stand firm for their demands.

After adjournment the strikers started for Moyer to take possession of the ground which they claim to have leased. About 100 deputies are on guard, and as both sides are firm, serious trouble is

Warrants were issued today for the eviction of twenty-five families, and they will be served at once.

novement during the night was that fifty miners were seen going from Pratt mines to the Coalburg convict stockades. They were watched by scouts, but committed no overt act.

Governor Jones has issued a proclama-tion forbidding the gathering of armed bodies or the movement of armed men from place to place in the county of Jefferson, unless commanded by an officer of the law. Sheriff Morrow has fully 200 deputies on duty in this county, and if they prove in-adequate the military is at his disposal in case of an outbreak, which is looked for

THE WOMEN'S CLUBS.

Nomination of Officers for the Next Term.

PHILADELPHIA, May 11.-The biennial session of the federation of women's clubs got in a dig at Congressman W. C. P. Breckinridge at this morning's session by the unanimous adoption of the following resolution, which was offered by Mrs. Stevenson of Illinois, and seconded by Julia Ward Howe of Boston:

"Resolved, That the federation of woman clubs declares its belief that one standard of morality is equally binding upon men and women, and that immoral conduct which debars the one from public and so-cial life should also debar the other." The nominating committee reported the following names as officers of the federa-

following names as officers of the federation for the ensuing term:

President, Mrs. Ellen M. Henrotin, Chicago; vice president, Mrs. Mary E. Mumford, Philadelpaia; recording secretary, Mrs. C. E. Barnes, Kentucky; corresponding secretary, Mrs. Phillip M. Moore, Missouri; treasurer, Mrs. Sarah B. Cooper, California; auditor, Mrs. Fannie Purdyz Palmer, Rhode Island.

Advisory board—Mrs. Charlotte Emergen

Palmer, Rhode Island.
Advisory board—Mrs. Charlotte Emerson
Brown, East Orange, N. J.; Mrs. Julia
Ward Howe, Boston; Mrs. J. G. Croley,
New York; Mrs. Virginia J. Berryhill,
Iowa; Mrs. Etta H. Osgood, Maine; Mrs.
Lucia E. Blount, Washington; Miss May
E. Steele, Ohio; Mrs. Elizabeth Lyle Saxon,
Louisiana, and Mrs. McKinney, Tennessee.

CONTROL OF SAMOA.

A German Journal's Comment on Sec-

retary Gresham's Position. LONDON, May 11 .- A dispatch to the It is also made the further duty of the commissioners representing this country to ascertain upon what terms entire freedom of commercial intercourse between the United States and the Dominion of Canada can be secured.

He was in consumation this afternoon when a reporter for The State alice at the geological survey. It was The Star called at the geological survey. It was The Star called at the geological survey. It was The Star man who gave Mr. Walcott the first information of his appointment. He had heard nothing of it. He had not sideration, and that is the rapidly increassive representing this country to astronger than will be needed for aqueduct proposes, so far as can be foreseen; but was The Star man who gave Mr. Walcott the first information of his appointment. He had heard nothing of it. He had not sideration, and that is the rapidly increassive representing this country to astronger than will be needed for aqueduct proposes, so far as can be foreseen; but this afternoon when a reporter for The Star called at the geological survey. It was The Star man who gave Mr. Walcott the first information of his appointment. He had heard nothing of it. He had not sideration, and that is the rapidly increassive representing this country to astronger than will be needed for aqueduct proposes, so far as can be foreseen; but this afternoon when a reporter for The Star called at the geological survey. It was The Star man who gave Mr. Walcott the first information of his appointment. He had heard nothing of it. He had not side the propose and the star man who gave Mr. Walcott the first information of his appointment. He had heard nothing of it. He had not side the propose and the propose and the propose and the propose at the propose and Post from Berlin says: The Vossische Zeiof America is equally applicable to Ger-and had done nothing toward the promotion many, which can gain no honor or advan-of his personal interest, other than a strict tage in Samoa.

A dispatch to the Daily Times from Berlin says: The German warships, which are assembling of Congress was favorably re-ported to the House today, democrats and papers suggest that the five vessels and 700 men thus sent will be insufficient to disarm the natives, and urge that other vessels be the first session shall begin the first Tuesit is thought that the United States will settle the administration.

IN CAMP AT TOPEKA.

The Train Stealers Taken to the Kansas Capital.

TOPEKA, Kan., May 11 .- The train-stealing Coxeyites brought to this city for trial have been given permission by the governor to camp on the state house grounds here. The governor, Mrs. Diggs and others, including Secretary Osborne and Superin-

cluding Secretary Osborne and Superintendent of Public Instruction Gaines, held a conference, which resulted in this call being issued:

"A meeting of citizens of Topeka, regardless of politics, will be held tonight at the court house to consider the problem of the unemployed who are on their way to the rational capital."

FIGHTING BRECKINRIDGE.

Kentucky Women Organizing in Favor of Owens. LEXINGTON, Ky., May 11.-Wm. C. Owens, Col. Breckinridge's chief opponent, is to speak in Lexington some day next week. The women of this city have conceived the idea of emphasizing their protest

against Col. Breckinridge's candidacy by

personally joining in making this meeting

an ovation for Owens. Already a score of the best known wo-men in central Kentucky have signified their intention to join the movement. The women are so thoroughly aroused that they are withdrawing patronage from merchants favorable to Col. Breckinridge, and in several instances old family physicians have been dismissed because of their sympathy for the Ashland district Congressman.

The bitterness is growing every day.

PULLMAN EMPLOYES QUIT.

They Demand the Restoration of s Cut in Wages.

CHICAGO, May 11.-Two thousand employes of the Pullman Palace Car Company quit work today. Those who went out asserted that the entire force of 4,300 persons would be on strike before night. Trouble has been brewing for some time, the men demanding the restoration of a 33 1-3 per cent cut in the wages made last year. The employers refused the demand, and asserted that they were running the plant for the purpose of giving the men employ

Against the Gulf Railroad.

DENVER, May 11.-The protest in the court will assemble at the navy yard, Norfolk, in a few days. It is composed of the
following named officers: Capt. M. L. John.
Son, Commanders C. H. Davis and W. L.
Brownson, Chief, Engineers Brownson, Chief Engineers Alfred Adam-Son, G. W. Roche and J. A. B. Smith, Lieut. Commanders C. C. Todd and C. K. Curtis, and Lieut. F. H. Tyler, with First Lieut. S. W. T. Waller, U. S. M. C., as judge ad-fluence to bring it before Congress and to secure the consideration of its arguments secure the consideration of its arguments and the observation of its protests.

Indorsed by Texas Bankers.

FORT WORTH, Tex., May 11.-The Texas Bankers' Association, in session here, has of the committee on the bill heretofore in- adopted resolutions indorsing the financial troduced as the result of the investigations course of President Cleveland and Con-

Mr. C. D. Walcott at the Head of the Geological Survey.

He Will Succeed Maj. Powell, Who Has Resigned on Account of III Health.

to succeed Maj. J. W. Powell as director of the geological survey, which was sent to the Senate today by the President, caused more surprise than any appointment

Maj. Powell has been director of the survey for the past thirteen years, and, as he had never been disturbed in the position by any administration since he assumed the office, it had been supposed that he would hold the office at his own pleasure.

His resignation at this time appears to have been voluntary, but the first supposition was that it had been requested, as, on account of Maj. Powell's known fondness for the work of the survey and his pride in it, it was not considered probable that he would voluntarily surrender the position. It seems, however, that his health has not been good for several months, and he has found the labor of looking after the details BIRMINGHAM, Ala., May 11.—All is of the bureau, which has attained import-quiet in the mining district. The only ant prominence under his administration, of the bureau, which has attained importmore than he felt justified in attempting to continue.

Arrangements have been made whereby Maj. Powell will become superintendent of the ethnological bureau, which was until ical survey, but is now an independent bureau. He has given especial study to eth-nological questions, and the work in this bureau, besides being less exacting, will be in every way congenial to him. Maj. Powell, who had been connected

firmed on the same day, without reference His Letter of Resignation. The letter of Major Powell to the Presi-

tion as director of the United States geological survey, to take effect on the 50th reason of wounds that require surgical operation. With deep gratitude for the confidence you have reposd in me, I am, with great respect, etc.," proximo. I am impelled to this course by

The President's Appreciation. The reply, written by Judge Wm. H. Sims, acting secretary of the interior, was as follows

"Sir: By direction of the President I have the honor to advise you that your resignation has been accepted. The President and Secretary of the Interior greatly regret that the state of your health renders necessary your retirement, and they desire me to express to you their very high appre-ciation of the invaluable services you have rendered to the government as the organizer and head of the great bureau with which your name will be ever identified. With assurance of the high regard and earnest hopes for your speedy restoration to health, I have the honor to be, &c."

Maj. Powell is one of the most widely

known men in the world of science. He is a member of a great many scientific societies in both hemispheres. It has been largely through the efforts of Maj. Powell The New Director.

Mr. Walcott, who succeeds Maj. Powell as director, has been connected with the survey for several years and has made the geological branch of the work a specialty. observance of his duties. He stated that as the major would probably leave for Balti more to undergo the operation to hi the operation to his wounded arm about the middle of May or the 1st of June, the duties of the bureau would fall upon him, and that after the 30th of June, the date on which the resignation of Maj. Powell is to take effect, he will assume permanent charge. The work of the bureau would be carried along on the lines as laid down by Maj. Powell. The most conspicuous work which was now in hand was the geographical map of the United States, the first folio of which had just been leaved. This work work would require the states of the contract the states.

issued. This work would require years to complete, but the former policy would be Special observance was to be paid to to coal, phosphates, iron and gold. Only the clerical force of the bureau came, he said, within the scope of the civil service said, within the scope of the civil service law, because it was hard to get scientists under the rules of that law. He indicated that if any changes occurred in the personnel of the office they would be very slight ones. The force there had been working in the same harness for a long time and they understood each other. He had been associated with Maj. Powell in the work of the bureau for the past effect. the work of the bureau for the past fifteen

years. BROTHERHOOD OF ST. ANDREW.

Preparations for the Annual Conven

tion in This City Next October. The local organization in the District of the Brotherhood of St. Andrew of the Protestant Episcopal Church is busy these opening days of summer in making effective preparation for the coming annual convention of the body, next October, in this city. The convention will open on Thursday, October 11, 1894, in Metzerott Hall directly after the morning service which will be held in Ascension Church, wherein one of the bishops, probably Bishop Paret of the home diocese, will deliver the annual charge to the brotherhood. After the services in the church the members will proceed to the hall and organize the convention and immediately proceed to business under a program prepared by the general council, the executive body of the brotherhood, having its headquarters in New York.
Mr. John W. Wood, secretary of the council, and Mr. J. S. Rogers, jr., of Detroit,

whose very efficient work in connection with the last annual convention is well remem-bered by those in attendance, were in session last Tuesday of several hours with Messrs. P. B. Pierce, H. K. Viele, J. H. Gordon, Dr. F. S. Nash, A. K. Parris and G. B. Griffith, members of the executive committee of the local organization in this city, conferring upon matters preliminary to the official convention program.

It is proposed to hold "Quiet Day" services on Wednesday, October 10, the day before the opening of the convention, with such delegates in attendance as may be able to reach Washington for that purpose. These services are expected to be conducted by Bishop Hall, the newly consecrated diocesan of Vermont, whose active work in Boston and its environs for many years prior to his recall to England and his subsequent election to the episcopate in this country will be remembered. It is believed that these services will prepare the way for a great spiritual uplifting in the work of the convention and set a keynote of consecration to the body, not only for its convention work, but for its labors during the

coming year, throughout the entire country. Postal Telegraph Hearing.

orac should go out and gather around a LATE NEWS BY WIRE CHANGE OF DIRECTOR THE WATER SUPPLY

A Senate Bill to Acquire the Rights at Great Falls.

MORE WATER IS NOW A NECESSITY

The nomination of Charles D. Walcott Importance of the Power for Lighting and Other Purposes.

THE RIGHT OF DOMAIN

Senator Proctor today, by direction of the District committee, made a favorable report to the Senate on the bill introduced by him on the 21st of December last, amending the act of July 15, 1882, increasing the water supply of this city. This bill has been discussed by the Commissioners of the District, by the committee and by the officials of the War Department, and has received unanimous approval. The Secretary of War caused its reference to Col. Elliot of the engineer corps, who is in charge of the Aqueduct, and who made a very able and valuable report upon it. The purpose and scope of the bill are well shown by the report of the committee submitted by Senator Proctor this morning. It is as follows: "There can be no question of greater im-ortance to the people of any large city than

that of securing a sufficient supply of water, pure in quality and with a reserve in quantity ample for the demands of the future Here it is not merely a local question, but one of importance to the whole country as well. Washington is the temporary residence of thousands and is visited annually Maj. Powell, who had been connected dence of thousands and is visited annually with the geological survey previous to his appointment as director, was nominated for country. The United States owns a large the office, to succeed Clarence King, on March 18, 1881, and his nomination conparks and grounds, as a whole, are the parks and grounds, as a whole, are the finest in the world. The demand for new buildings and other improvements will be frequent and imperative, as the machinery of government must continually and stead-ily increase with the increase of population of the whole country. Whatever concerns the welfare of this city, therefore, will bedent was dated on May 8, and was as The present supply of water is not sufficient in quantity or force for the present needs; some action must therefore be taken at once. The situation is so fully stated in the able report of Col. Elliott of the corps of er gineers, who is now in local charge of the aqueduct and water supply, that little need be said in the way of detail. The riparian and water rights at Great Falls are now owned by the Great Falls Manufacturing Co., the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal Co. and the United States. The extent of the government's present interest is in dispute. The main question presenting itself to the committee is whether to recommend the taking, under the right of eminent domain, of a supply for ordinary purposes, sufficient for many years to come, or whether to require at once all the rights to the water at that point, settle the existing differences and all danger of future controversies about titles, and end forever any danger of a short supply, and the continual tribulation or risk of a divided ownership. From a Business Standpoint.

"If an individual or a business corporation was in the precise situation of the government, owning a part of the water rights, under the necessity of adding thereto at once, and with the certainty of needing that there is now such complete an under-standing of the California gold belt and standing of the California gold belt and to acquire the entire water right before exto acquire the entire water right before ex-tensive improvements were made by the other owners, which would greatly enhance the cost. And in this case what would be a good policy for an individual or private corporation, would be the more so for the government, by reason of the certainty of continuance and increase in the requireing tendency toward municipal control of certain matters of public necessity and con-venience in which the entire people, of all classes and conditions, have substantially pikes owned by private corporations were common; toll bridges were the rule, and towns and cities often obtained their water supply from private companies. Now, turn-pikes and toll bridges are relics of the past; the water supply in large towns is almost without exception furnished by the munici-pality, and street lighting by the city is also eing considered and adopted to quite an exnomical for cities to generate and supply by "But, laying this possibility aside, the

Special observance was to be paid to economic geology, with especial reference one of greater importance in this city than in any other on account of the large num-ber of buildings to be lighted at public expense. Aiready several provisions for gov-ernment ownership of a lighting plant have

been proposed. On the Elevated Ground.

"All the area of more than 100 feet elevation above low water at the navy yard is now supplied by pumping and from want of sufficient pressure all above seventy-five feet will probably soon require it. The line of 100-feet elevation runs in the vicinity of Florida avenue, and of seventy-five-feet in the vicinity of Massachusetts avenue west of 11th street. The time cannot be far distant when a large majority of the residences will be elevated above this line. The vicinity of Tenleytown has an elevation of more than 400 feet above low tide. The pumping is now done at the pump house on street between 16th and 17th streets at a large expense, and this expense will be constantly increasing as higher lands about the city are built up and higher buildings constructed. It might be done with great saving for the future by electricity generated by the water power at Great Falls. If the entire power at Great Falls is required, we believe it will be ample for electric lighting and pumping purposes for the city. The Great Falls Power Company have very recently obtained new charters from the legislatures of Virginia and Maryland. The purpose is evidently to develop the power and supply it directly or through ther companies to the city for lighting and other purposes. There are no improvements now at Great Falls except the Aqueduct dam, built and owned by the United States. If the government is ever to acquire con-trol it should be done before any outlay is ade by the owners. Such outlay must be o them a questionable investment, in view the fact that the government is sure to require an increased supply from time to time in the future, thus endangering the business of the power company and destroying or greatly lessening the value of their improvements, with the risk that they may not be sufficiently recompensed.

Rights at Great Falls.

"Your committee are therefore of the cpinion that all the water and riparian rights at Great Falls necessary for the cor trol and use of the entire power should be acquired at this time; that it would be a wise economy to do so; that ownership in part by the United States and in part by part by the United States and in part by private business corporations is a relation unwise and unsafe for the government, and should terminate at once; that the other owners can afford to surrender their rights now on much better terms, and that no outlay of money can be made looking to the future welfare of the capital of the country more completely than this."

The original bill was amended by the

committee very materially in order to make it conform to the decision of the committee that all of the rights at Great Falls should Mr. Marion C. Butler, president of the Farmers' Alliance and Industrial Union, made an argument before the House committee on post offices today in support of mittee on post offices today in support of the United States by mittee on post offices today in support of the United States by the support of the States and Stat made an argument before the House committee on post offices today in support of postal telegraph legislation. He said that the alliance was on record as favoring a postal telegraph.

General and to obtain title for the United States by right of eminent domain or otherwise, to all the water rights at and in the vicinity of Great Falls, "the water so taken to be used for any and all public purposes, and also such land as may be necessary for these purposes."

this section, providing that if this amount shall be agreed upon or shall be determined in the Court of Claims, the Secretary and the Attorney General should have authority to enter into contract with the owners of lands adjacent to the falls to secure to the latter the right to use so much of the water

as may not be taken by the United States.
Section 3 authorizes the Secretary and Atsomers to appraise the percent and arteries to appraise the property taken or the damages to other property. "In making the valuations," the committee's amendment continues, "the appraisers shall only consider the present values of the land and water rights, without reference to their values for the uses for which they are taken under the provisions of this act."

Section 4 provides that any person or cor-

section 4 provides that any person or cor-poration owning any property of this sort taken or damaged under the act may in-stitute suit within six months in the Court of Claims. The committee added the fol-lowing proviso: "Provided, That the United States shall be represented in such suits by special legal counsel conspicuous for known familiarity with and experience in the laws regulating riporion rights and in the laws regulating riparian rights, and in Section 5 provides that if any such claim-

ant has a suit now pending of a similar na-ture he may file an amended supplementary petition embracing all existing claims as well as those arising under the act. Then to the Supreme Court.

Section 6 grants authority to the Court of Claims to appoint three persons, of whom two shall be skilled in hydraulic engineering, as referees to decide all controverted questions of fact formulated and submitted by the court arising in any of these suits. Section 7 grants the right of appeal from section 7 grants the right of appeal from the Court of Claims to the Supreme Court of the United States. Section 8 provides that as these land and water rights are taken for the use of the District, the judgments and the certificates that may be issued by the Secretary of War and the Attorney General, together with the costs and ex-penses incurred shall be need by the Secpenses incurred, shall be paid by the Sec-retary of the Treasury as judgments ren-dered by the Court of Claims against the District are now paid. Section 9 grants permission to persons under disability to bring sult at any time within six months after the disability is removed.

TORPEDO BOAT CUSHING'S TRIP. The Inland Passage From Washing ton to New York Accomplished.

The torpedo boat Cushing entered the Delaware and Raritan canal at Bordentown, N. J., at 2:30 Wednesday afternoon and reached Trenton at 4 o'clock. She pro ceeded to Kingston, fourteen miles north of Trenton, to lay up for the night. Yesterday morning at 6:30 the boat started on the trip and left the canal at New Brunswick at 10:30, proceeding to New York. The boat averaged about six and three-quarter miles an hour while running.

The trip was made by direction of the Secretary of the Navy, who is investigating the inland waterway with a view to its use in case of war. People along the line of the canal believe that the government officials are inclined to favor the building of the proposed New Jersey ship canal, and that there is some connection between the trip Wednesday of Prof. Haupt and party and the Cushing.

THEY HELD UP THE TOWN.

seven Armed Men Rob a Bank in Missouri. A special from Noel, Mo., says: At 3

o'clock this afternoon seven armed men with Winchesters and revolvers rode into Southwest City, Mo., and robbed the bank, getting all the money the bank contained, between \$3,000 and \$4,000. Two of them were stationed on the sidewalk, three entered the bank with a sack and two others guarded the horses. About 100 shots were fired by the robbers, and four prominent citizens were badly wounded. The robbers were about ten minutes going through the bank. Afterward they mounted and started for the nation at a full gallop. As they were leaving the outskirts some one fired several shots at them, killing a horse and wounding a robber. He immediately se-cured another horse from a farmer who was passing and followed his pals. No resist-ance was offered by the citizens. The wounded men were shot while standing on the sidewalk.

Army Orders.

By direction of the President an army retiring board is appointed to meet at Omaha. Neb., for the examination of such officers as may be ordered before it. The detail for the board is Brig. Gen. John R. Brooke. Lieut, Col. Dallas Bache, deputy surgeon general; Lieut. Col. Daniel W. Benham, seventh infantry: Maj. Henry McElderry, surgeon; Maj. Charles F. Humphrey, quartermaster; Second Lieut. James T. Dean. third infantry. Capt. William G. Spencer, assistant surgeon, will report to the board

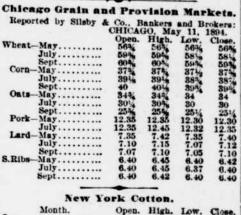
Leave of absence for four months, on surgeon's certificate of disability, is granted First Lieut. George R. Cecil, thirteenth in-Leave of absence for six months, on sur-geon's certificate of disability, is granted Capt. William C. Manning, twenty-third antry.

from duty with the world's Columbian ex-position, to take effect June 1, and will then position, to take effect June 1, and will then proceed to join their proper stations: Capt. Edmund Rice, 5th infantry; Capt. Frederick A. Smith, twelfth infantry; First Lieut. Curtis B. Hoppin, second cavalry.

The following transfers in the ninth cavalry are made: Capt. Clarence A. Stedman, from troop F to troop E; Capt. Henry H. Wright, from troop E to troop F. Capt. James M. J. Sanno, seventh infantry, is relieved from duty as a member of the

is relieved from duty as a member of the general court-martial at Fort Snelling, Minn., and Capt. Samuel L. Woodward, tenth cavalry, is detailed as a member in his place.
Orders have been issued for the batteries of the fourth artillery, stationed at Washington barracks, D. C., and Fort McHenry, Md., to hold their annual artillery practice and exercises for 1894 at Fort Monroe, Va.,

and exercises for 1884 at Fort Monroe, va., as follows:
Batteries G and I, from Washington bar-racks, and C, from Fort McHenry, will leave their respective posts in time to ar-rive at Fort Monroe on the 2d of June prox-Batteries A and M, from Washington bar-racks, and D and L, from Fort McHenry, racks, and D and L, from Fort McHenry, will leave their respective posts in time to arrive at Fort Monroe on July 2d, proximo. The detachments from Washington bar-racks will remain until the 30th of June and



Presidential Nominations.

Troduced as the result of the investigations from the investigations of the investigation of the investigation

FINANCE AND TRADE

Sugar Continues in Its Prominence in Wall Street.

WASHINGTON ADVICES ON THE TARIFF MEN'S

Prospective Gold Exports Do Not Affect Prices.

GENERAL MARKET REPORTS

Special Dispatch to The Evening Star. NEW YORK, May 11 .- Today's stock market was a disappointment to both classes of operators by reason of its narrow and apathetic movements. There was not the slightest attempt at activity during the slightest attempt at activity during the morning and in many instances first figures remained stationary. London was fractionally higher, but did not figure in our market to any appreciable extent. The railroad list was steady at small fractional gains.

Traders worked for a reaction under cover of the dullness, but even this was not suc-

Washington advices on the tariff situation reflected some doubt as to the probable passage of the tariff bill. This view was expected to produce a favorable effect on the industrial stocks, but the inside interests showed no disposition to act, and traders hesitated to proceed on their own account. Chicago Gas was advanced 3-4 per cent

on considerable good buying. The transfer of the quo warranto proceedings to the federal court is regarded as furthering the company's cause, and encourages the belief n its final triumph. Sugar was sufficiently active to support

Sugar was sufficiently active to support its claim to the first position of prominence, but on a narrower margin than usual. Friends of 'this property have conceded none of their original optimistic views and are still confident of an early vindication of the same. It is srgued that the present schedule will become a law, or leave the McKinley schedule operative. In either event the company's profits are assured. The early trading marked up the price 1-2 per cent, but later on some selling it was The early trading marked up the price 1-2 per cent, but later on some selling it was depressed 1 per cent below opening figures. The industrial group were all fractionally lower during the early afternoon, but without any increase in volume of business. The market for sterling and foreign exchange generally was strong, with the demand in excess of the supply. The amount of gold to go out by tomorrow's steamers will exceed \$3,000,000, from present indications. Nearly all of the gold exporting houses have announced their intention of sending gold to their European connections. These announcements were previously distinct the sending gold to their European connections. These annuncements were previously dis-counted by the room, and were not re-flected in today's stock movements.

Tomorrow's bank statement will probably show a further expansion in loans, but not show a further expansion in loans, but not to the same extent as last week's. The net changes in actual money held by the banks are not likely to be at all significant. The receipts from the interior are estimated at \$30,000,000, and the subtreasury gain will probably be about \$1,500,000. The week's gold exports, amounting, in round numbers, to \$5,000,000,000, will be charged off or terror. gold exports, amounting, in round numbers, to \$5,000,000, will be charged off on tomorrow's report. The amount of specie held by the banks is likely to attract considerable attention, owing to the fact that notwith-standing previous exports, last Saturday's figures showed that the banks had increased their supply of gold. ed their supply of gold.

This is taken as indicating a settled policy on the part of the banks to protect their gold. The wisdom of this action, in view of last

summer's experience, is regarded as doubt-ful. The last hour's trading was dull spa uninteresting. Prices shaded off slightly and closed without material changes for the PINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

The following are the opening, the highest and the lowest and the closing prices of the New York Ladies' Fine Shoes stock market today, as reported by Corson & Macartney, members New York stock exchange. Correspondents Messrs. Moore & Schley, No. 83 Stocks.

Open. High. Low. Close. 107 107% 108% 96% 96 American Sugar, pfd.... 107 American Tobacco merican Sugar. 123 123 123 123 1234 Chesapeake and Ohio... C. C. and St. L. Chicago. B. and Q. Chic. and Northwestern. 76% 108% 66% 61% 78% 108% 65% 60% Chicago Gas
C., M. and St. Paul
C., M. and St. Paul, pfd.
C., M. I. and Pacific
Del., Lack, and W. Del., Lack. and Hudson.
Delaware and Hudson.
Denver and Rio Grande.
Dus. and Cattle Feeding.
General Electric.
Billinois Central.
Lake Shore.
1813, 1814, 1814, 1816.
Eric.
A Nashville.
41%, 47%, 90 304 804 304 24 4 284 363 863 855 181 181 181 181 181 181 181 181 181 119 Metropolitan Traction...
Manhattan Elevated ...
Michigan Central....
Missouri Pacific National Lead Co. 109 98% 6% 109 N. Y., C. and St. Louis.

Northern Pacific,
Northern Pacific, pfd.

North American.
Ont. and Western.

Pacific Mail.
Philia and Reading.

Pallman P. Car Co. Union Pacific 18
Wabash 15
Wabash pfd 165
Wheeling & Lake Erie 125
Wheeling & L E pfd Western Union Tel. 5 Tenn. Coal and Iron.... Union Pacific

Washington Stock Exchange.

racks, and D and L. from Fort McHenry, will leave their respective posts in time to arrive at Fort Monroe on July 2d, proximo. The detachments from Washington barracks will remain until the 30th of June and 31st of July, respectively.

The detachments from Fort McHenry will return to that post on the completion of their artillery target practice.

Each battery will take with it its camp equipage.

Maj. Jacob B. Rawles, fourth artillery, is assigned to the command of these two battalions, while at Fort Monroe. He will proceed to that post with troops from Washington barracks, so as to arrive on the 1st proximo, and upon completion of the season of practice and exercises for the whole, will return to his station, Washington barracks, D. C.

All officers and enlisted men belonging to these batteries will accompany them, unless especially excused from these headquarters.

Chicago Grain and Provision Markets.

Reported by Silsby & Co., Bankers and Brokers:

CHICAGO, May 11, 1894.

Corn—May.

5694, 5694, 5694, 5684, 5684, 5684, 5694,

matteries will accompany them, unless constraints will be accompany to the accompany them, unless constraints will be accompany to the acco

Manufacturer's Sale of \$7.50,

Parker, Bridget & Co.'s. We have closed out the balance of five or six lines of Men's Suits

For \$7.50.

simeres, and also blue and black cheviots and serges. suits in stock at \$10, \$12.50 and \$15, we have run them right in

\$7.50 Each. tables, and an extra force of salesmen engaged to insure all comer prompt attention and a satisfac Parker, Bridget & Co.,

Trustees' SALE OF THE LATE John E. Little's

SHOES Now In Progress.

Grand opportunity to secure John E. Little's fine shoes at ridiculously low reduced prices. New, fresh spring stock. No marking up of prices.

Little's \$2.50 Shoes, now......\$1.50 Little's \$3.00 Shoes, now......\$2.00 Little's \$3.50 Shoes, now......\$2.25 Little's \$4.00 Shoes, now......\$2.50 Little's \$5.00 Shoes, now......\$8.00 Little's \$6.00 Shoes, now.....\$2.50 Ladies' Oxfords.

Little's \$2.00 Oxfords, now \$1.25 Little's \$2.50 Oxfords, now\$1.50 Little's \$3.50 Oxfords, now \$2.00 Boys' and Misses' Shoes, Little's \$1.00 grades, now....... .50 Little's \$1.25 grades, pow...... Little's \$2.00 grades, now......\$1.25 Little's \$2.50 grades, now......\$1.50

Men's Shoes. Little's \$4.00 Shoes, now......\$2.50 Little's \$5.00 Shoes, now......\$3.00 Little's \$6.00 Shoes, now......\$3.50 Remember, this is a bonn fide Shoe Sale. We have not marked up or run in a lot of old stock. They are all new, the finest Shoes manufactured, and the

greatest values ever distributed

B. Rich & Sons, (John E. Little,) 1002 F Street N.W.

A Splendid Trunk 5, 5, 44 For \$3.25,

not as good as OUR \$4.98 ones, but as good as any \$5 Trunk in this city. We make them in our own together-know what they're made of. Kneessi, 425 7th St. Trunks

Is a perfect beverage when made of Burchell's "Spring Leaf" Tea-famous all over this broad land for purity, strength and delicious flavor. Only 50c. pound. Here only. N. W. BURCHELL, 1325 F STREET.

Iced Tea

Two Big Chances At 1710 14th Street.

They won't last long. Be quick if you want them. One slightly used, \$55 SEW-ING MACHINE, in excellent repair, goes to morrow for \$7.50.

Three brand-new RUGS, in Body Brussels and Tapestry Brussels, at ONE-THIRD THEIR value.

We want to clear them out That's our We want to clear them out. That's our only reason for such remarkable offers. The Houghton Company, 516 9TH ST. AND 1710 14TH ST.

Model Creamery Butter

Why use poor butter when you can get good at the same price? Stop experimenting and come direct to us. Special prices for 5 lbs. (full weight) packed in neat stone jars, which are better than boxes.

Wm. S. Detwiler,